

# DANGEROUS POISON

KEEP OUT OF REACH OF CHILDREN  
READ SAFETY DIRECTIONS BEFORE OPENING OR USING

## 1080 Bait for the Control of Foxes

ACTIVE CONSTITUENT: 0.04 g/kg SODIUM FLUOROACETATE (1080)  
Meat based bait for the control of foxes

RESTRICTED CHEMICAL PRODUCT – ONLY TO BE SUPPLIED TO OR USED BY AN  
AUTHORISED PERSON.

THIS PRODUCT MUST BE USED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE LABEL INSTRUCTIONS AND THE  
SOUTH AUSTRALIAN GOVERNMENT DOCUMENTS ENTITLED “APPROVAL TO POSSESS 1080 BAIT”  
AND “DIRECTIONS FOR USE OF 1080 FOX BAITS IN SOUTH AUSTRALIA”.

Refer to [http://www.pir.sa.gov.au/biosecuritysa/nrm\\_biosecurity/pest\\_animal/1080\\_use\\_in\\_sa](http://www.pir.sa.gov.au/biosecuritysa/nrm_biosecurity/pest_animal/1080_use_in_sa) for access to relevant documents.

Contents: kg

IMPORTANT: READ ATTACHED LEAFLET BEFORE USE

### DIRECTIONS FOR USE USE ONLY FOR THE CONTROL OF FOXES

**RESTRAINTS** Do not apply bait to, or in, crops which are in mid to late developmental stages.  
Do not apply bait to, or in, crops if contamination of produce is likely to occur.

**1080 BAIT FOR THE CONTROL OF FOXES** 1080 Bait for the Control of Foxes is made from 75 g of fresh, frozen or partly dried chunks or sausages of red meat, fish or poultry, but not pilchards or chook heads. Each bait is injected with 3 mg of 1080.

**BAIT LAYING** Lay single baits at minimum intervals of 200-500 metres along trails, with a maximum of 10 baits per square kilometre. Individual baits must be buried to a depth of 8-10 cm, at marked sites.

Bait must be placed at least

- 500 m from a dwelling (other than own dwelling) or public building,
- 20 m from permanent or flowing water bodies,
- 5 m inside boundary fences,
- 20 m from the edge of public roadways without a marked boundary,
- or as specified by a State authority responsible for fox control.

Do not lay baits on roadsides.

Baits must not be applied aerially. Use of the baits is restricted in urban and some wildlife areas.

**NOT TO BE USED FOR ANY PURPOSE, OR IN ANY MANNER, CONTRARY TO THIS LABEL UNLESS  
AUTHORISED BY APPROPRIATE LEGISLATION.**

**NOT TO BE USED IN DOMESTIC OR HOME GARDEN SITUATIONS.**

#### GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS

**Neighbour notification** Neighbours must be notified to allow them to take appropriate action. The notification must advise that steps (e.g. restraint, muzzling) need to be taken to ensure that domestic dogs do not gain access to 1080 baits or poisoned animals. The notification must specify the dates between which baiting will occur. This notification must be given to all adjoining landholders at least 72 hours in advance of bait being laid. It can be verbal or written notification except where alternative communication arrangements have been made that meet State requirements and overall safety criteria. Neighbours must be notified each time a new *Approval to Possess 1080 Bait* form is signed for a new baiting period, and at least every 12 months.

A record of the notifications must be kept.

Baiting must commence within ten days of notification or else another 72 hours notice of intent to lay bait is required.

**Signage** Signage is compulsory for all lands where baiting occurs.

Do not lay bait until signage is in place. Signage must include – toxin name, target animal, bait type, date bait laid, contact number, and a warning that domestic animals and pets can be affected.

Signs must be put up at all commonly used property entrances immediately before 1080 baiting operations start on the property. Additional signs should be erected at property-boundaries on public roads. These signs must remain for at least 4 weeks after the last bait has been laid and be the same format as the sign provided with the *DIRECTIONS FOR USE*.

#### PRECAUTIONS

##### Protection of domestic pets and farm dogs

Steps (e.g. restraint, muzzling) need to be taken to ensure that domestic pets and farm dogs do not gain access to 1080 bait or poisoned animals.

##### Protection of wildlife, fish, crustacea and environment

Information on non-target animal distribution, conservation status, habitat preference, diet, tolerance to 1080, body weight and size of home range can be used to reduce poisoning risks posed by baiting programs.

This product may be toxic to some marsupial carnivores. Where appropriate, potential risks should be reduced by correct bait placement, selection of the minimum effective bait-distribution rate, and avoidance of baiting during the main breeding season of non-target species.

Time baiting programs when non-target species are least active or least susceptible.

To the extent possible, untaken bait must be recovered before warning signs are removed at the end of a baiting program and be destroyed by burning or burial below 0.5 m.

To the extent possible, fox carcasses should be recovered during and for 14 days after a baiting program and be destroyed by burning or burial below 0.5 m.

Do not feed baits to non-target animals including birds.

Do not contaminate dams, rivers, streams, waterways or drains with the product or used containers.

Any incidents where it is suspected that non-target animals may have been poisoned by 1080 should be reported to Rural Chemicals Operations, Biosecurity SA.

#### STORAGE, TRANSPORT AND DISPOSAL

Safe storage is the responsibility of all persons who are supplied with this product. The product is to be stored in a dry, cool well-ventilated area out of direct sunlight. It must be a secure facility away from children, animals, food, feedstuffs, seed and fertilisers at all times, except when required for use. The product is only to be kept or stored in a container bearing a label supplied by the manufacturer. Unless approved by the NRM Board, baits must not be stored after a baiting campaign is complete. Do not allow bait to contaminate foodstuffs, or feed, for human or non-target animal consumption. Only authorised personnel can have access to baits. Baits must be transported and stored in such a way that unauthorised personnel cannot have access to baits. Transport only in original animal-proof container and ensure packaging is secure before handling. Containers that have held product must not be used for any other purpose. Bury empty containers in a local authority landfill. Triple rinse before burying and bury rinsate with empty containers. If no landfill is available, bury the containers below 0.5 m in a disposal pit specifically marked and set up for this purpose clear of waterways, desirable vegetation and tree roots. Burning of empty containers can only be done in accordance with State legislation.

#### SAFETY DIRECTIONS

Very dangerous. Poisonous if swallowed. When opening the container and preparing bait wear chemical impervious gloves. If product on skin, immediately wash area with soap and water. After use and before eating, drinking or smoking, wash hands, arms and face thoroughly with soap and water. After each day's use wash gloves and contaminated clothing.

#### FIRST AID

Speed in treatment is essential. If poisoning occurs, contact a doctor or Poisons Information Centre. Phone 13 11 26. If skin contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and wash skin thoroughly. Remove from the contaminated area. Apply artificial respiration if not breathing but protect against self contamination. If in eyes, hold eyes open, flood with water for at least 15 minutes and see a doctor.

**MSDS:** Refer to Material Safety Data Sheet available from supplier for further information.

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NRM Biosecurity Unit, Biosecurity SA  
Entry 4 Waite Road URRBRAE SA  
PHONE: (08) 8303 9620

Baits supplied under APVMA Permit No. 8781

Batch number:

Date of manufacture:

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